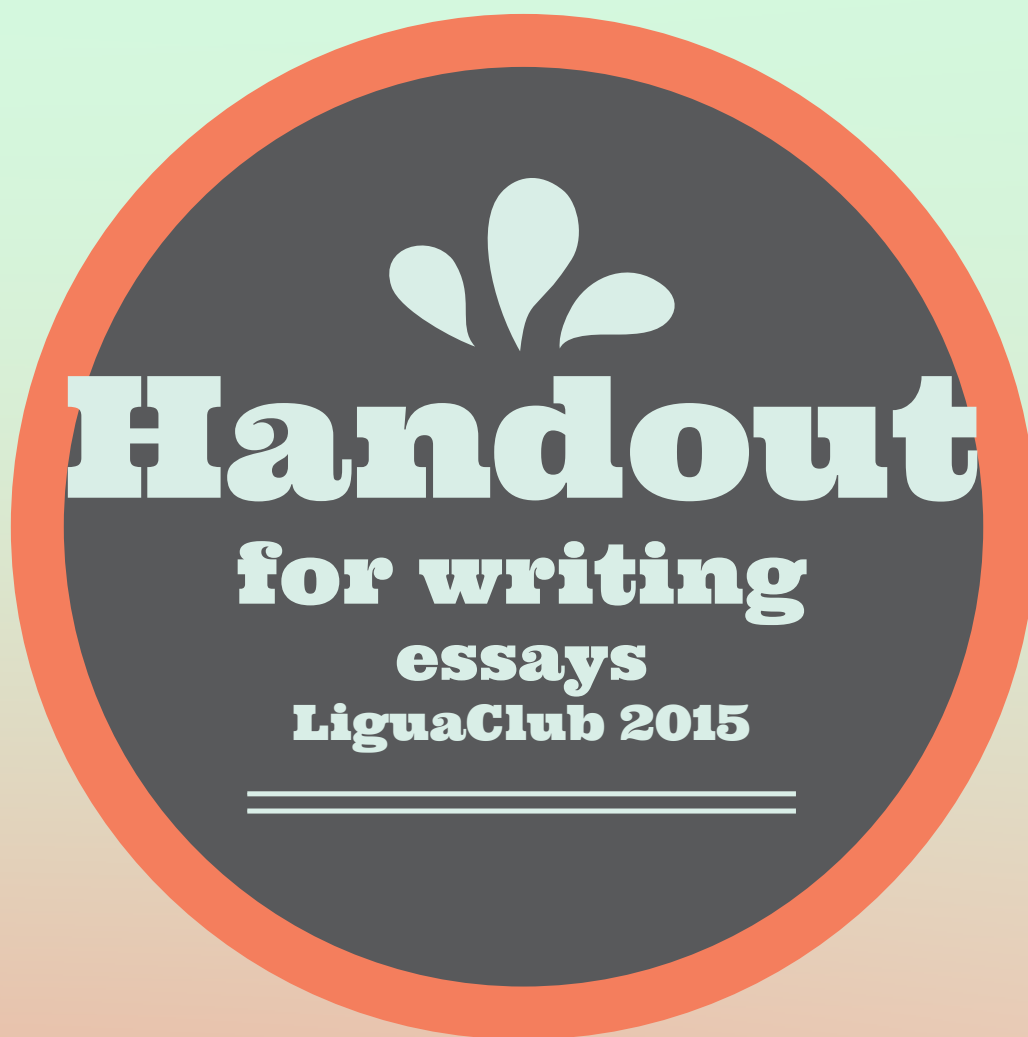




# Writing with Paragraphs

One of the most important thing for writing the essays is setting the basic structure.

One of the methods of structurizing the essays is building it with the paragraphs.

Paragraphs give us the path and direction to constract what we want to say.

Generally the essays consist of 3 main paragraphs -

1. Introduction, 2. Body, 3. Conclusion.  
each of them includes several subparagraphs which we will explain furthermore.



# I – INTRODUCTION

I. Set the tone  
and hook the  
audience

● **the opening line  
must immediately  
engage audience**

## **Examples:**

● generalization of the topic;

● quotation;

● little anecdote;

● statistics.

● don't write intentions;

● no "National dictionary  
defines..."

**2. Introduce  
the topic**

 **Say something  
about your topic in  
a few sentences**

 **States what we  
are up to.**

**3. State  
your THESIS**

 **1-2 sentences that  
summarizes your argument  
and briefly tells what the  
main text is going to be  
about**

#### **4. Transition sentence**



**moves  
introduction to  
the next  
paragraph**



**try to stay in the  
active voice and  
keep your reader  
on the hook**

## II – BODY PARAGRAPHS

**this paragraph should consist at least from following three sub paragraphs**

**1. First  
Strongest  
Argument**

**2. Weakest  
Argument**

**3. Second  
Strongest  
Argument**

Each must contain:

## ● **Introductory Sentence**

- ★ paragraph theme
- ★ how it is connected to the thesis

## ● **2-3 Specific examples**

- ★ proves thesis
- ★ is a fact or an evidence

## ● **Commentary**

- ★ explains the example, discusses what it means to the topic and/or to the thesis
- ★ shows what the example proves
- ★ is 2-3 sentences

# **Conclusion sentence**

- ★ includes the theme of the paragraphs
- ★ shows how the subparagraph proves the thesis

# III – CONCLUSION

**I. Restate  
the thesis**

**Explain how the body  
paragraphs provide  
the evidence for  
conclusion that was  
done**

**tie up the loose ends  
from the  
introduction and  
body paragraphs,  
but be careful not to  
repeat what is  
already written**

**2. Summarize  
your points**

**be powerful!**

what to do after:



**WALK AWAY,  
Have a break!**



**Go over the paper with  
grammar, spelling and  
punctuation**



**Edit the essay!  
ask your friend,  
edit format  
(margins, fonts, headers)  
done!**

## TIPS:



**don't plagiarize**



**avoid using banal words, like "to conclude", "in conclusion" etc**



**don't repeat**



**use different synonyms, use #LOGOGRAPH.**



**Connect paragraphs with the linking words, phrases**



**be creative!**

# linking words:

## **listing**

first, second, third  
first, furthermore, finally  
next,  
firstly, secondly, thirdly

## **Reinforce**

also,  
and,  
furthermore,  
moreover,  
what is more,  
in addition,  
besides,  
still, yet another  
above all,  
as well (as),  
in the same way.

## **Similarity**

equally,  
likewise,  
similarly,  
correspondingly,  
in the same way.

## **Transition to the next point**

now,  
as far as ... is concerned  
with regard,  
reference to,  
as for...  
it follows that,  
turning to.

## **Summary**

in conclusion,  
to conclude,  
in brief,  
to summarize,  
overall,  
therefore.

# linking words:

## giving examples

for example,  
for instance,  
as follows:  
that is,  
in this case,  
namely,  
in other words

## deduction

then,  
in the other words,  
in that case,  
otherwise,  
this implies that...  
if not/so

## Cause-effect

so,  
thus,  
therefore,  
hence,  
consequently,  
as a result,  
as a consequence,  
accordingly,  
to this/that end,  
because of,  
because,  
since,  
as,  
given,  
cause,  
result in,  
lead to,  
bring about,  
result from,  
arise from,  
stem from,  
ascribed to,  
attributed to,  
owing to,  
thanks to.

# linking words:

## **stating it obvious**

obviously,  
clearly,  
naturally,  
of course,  
as can be expressed,  
surely,  
after all.

## **generalization**

in general,  
generally,  
on the whole,  
as a rule,  
for the most part,  
in most cases,  
usually,  
majorly.

## **Contrast**

but,  
however,  
while/whilst,  
whereas,  
unlike,  
although,  
though

despite,  
yet,  
different,  
instead,  
rather,  
even though,  
nevertheless,

## **Highlighting**

in particular,  
particularly,  
especially,  
mainly.

## **reformulation**

in the other words,  
rather,  
to put it more simply.

## **alternative**

alternatively,  
rather,  
on the other hand,  
the alternative is,  
another possibility  
would be

# contacts:



## Youth Association DRONI

 /DRONIorg

[www.droniyouth.org](http://www.droniyouth.org)



## LinguaClub

 /DRONILINGUAclub



## REC magazine

 /ReflectEverydayCreatively

[www.recmag.org](http://www.recmag.org)

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